



How It Works: Load Shedding with Spara

The Spara energy management system (EMS) continuously coordinates facility energy usage driven by all types of equipment—furnaces, heat-treating ovens, fans, blowers, baghouse fans, pumps, and more—and manages demand for cost savings and efficiency. It does this by prioritizing, optimizing, and controlling energy loads based on rules and parameters you define.

Briefly, here's how Spara works to execute four key load-shedding strategies.

➔ Demand Control in Action

Spara helps you understand how and where energy spikes occur so you can minimize peak demand charges. The system's rules-based structure lets you adjust strategies according to how aggressively you want to curtail loads—ensuring that you don't compromise product quality or production. To meet demand control goals, Spara:

- Reduces power to or shuts down furnaces based on curtailment rules and conditions, including current stage of a melt or melt mode, type of material, time limits, or when a furnace was last curtailed
- Slows the speed of or shuts down baghouse fans to produce additional savings from kW reduction, when melt status allows
- Decreases power to shaker motors, based on time limits
- Reduces power to finishing equipment such as grinders and welders when not needed

➔ Demand Response in Action

Demand response (DR) programs let you earn money from your utility or system operator by curtailing use for specific durations on demand. Spara's advanced technology allows you to participate in the newest generation of automated DR programs.

Spara is one of the first commercial products to incorporate a Smart DRAS (demand response automation server) client, which "talks" with a utility or grid operator's system in real time via OpenADR (automated demand response), an emerging industry standard. The Smart DRAS client gives you a dynamic connection: your electricity supplier's system notifies your system of a DR event, and Spara takes action according to your rules.

Typically, DR requires less-frequent kilowatt reductions than demand control, but the reductions are deeper and they last longer. To achieve these cuts, Spara might take any of the demand control actions, but will curtail some loads more dramatically and follow a different set of rules. It will take these actions *only* if your settings allow them. We know that the rate at which power is applied to a furnace and the profile of how power is applied over time can affect furnace lining wear or the quality of the metal produced. That is why *you* decide what level of curtailment you will tolerate to earn DR payments or reduce your demand charges.

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➔ Dynamic Pricing Optimization in Action

Many utilities and power system operators have rates that can vary by the hour or even by the minute. With these rate structures, the price per kilowatt might be attractively low most of the time—but can spike dramatically on short notice.

Spara's Price Response™ obtains pricing data directly from the utility and integrates it, in real time, into preset load-shedding strategies. This ensures you never pay higher rates than necessary. The strategies run automatically, based on electricity pricing thresholds and rules you set. Spara tracks and reports the savings to you, along with historical rate and system data for context.

➔ Energy Efficiency in Action

Curtailing power to furnaces is the primary method of reducing energy consumption in a foundry. But by adjusting when and how you use power throughout the plant, you can achieve efficiencies that reduce electrical bills. Spara helps you achieve these efficiencies while avoiding potential downsides. For example:

- Baghouse fans can be shut down automatically when a furnace shuts down and as determined by regular facility work schedules.
- Real-time access to furnace electrical consumption data can provide information needed to reduce waste.
- Air compressors can be monitored and shut down or staged automatically.
- Shaker tables can be monitored and controlled to ensure they do not run unnecessarily.



➔ SparaView shows the real-time status of controlled furnaces in a foundry, including whether the furnace is on, its current power consumption, and whether it is being curtailed for demand control, demand response, or to respond to dynamic pricing. Each furnace is prioritized for load-shedding actions.